It was all fine, largely because there would realize that the 1994 elections were fairly low and magnified to create an impression that the ruling Party was about to break up. To extend and realize such dreams, some SWAPO Party leaders were demonized and presented as “radicals with socialist’s leaning”, (and now as “Ovambo clique” or even “Ndonga element”), while others were praised and presented as “moderates with free-market oriented leanings” who would “represent the Nujoma’s inventors” (either confuse or divide the party and country along tribal and ethnic lines). This, at one point, so annoyed and offended that Nanthanda Maxuilili that he had to tell the National Assembly that he did “not want to be praised by puppets and fake academics who are being financed and groomed by the apartheid colonial masters while Namibians were fighting and dying for freedom.”

“In 1999 was a splinter group led by Ben Ulenga of the Congress of Democratic (COD), who jumped ship because of the third term, the war in the DRC and what he called the “authoritative and aging SWAPO leadership.” Ulenga had all the (credible) reasons for by the SWAPO detractors- he was an “Ovambo” and SWAPO leader with a “strong trade union background.”

Hidipo was a “dictator” who had “political intrigue” behind him. He was an “Ovambo” and SWAPO Party’s stronghold. Since then, the “country’s civilian intelligence outfit,” the Namibia Central Intelligence Agency (NCIA), which was plotting to “eliminate” him and several “other perceived government critics.”

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